

CLEAN & SMART ENERGY LEADER KOEN

Plants in operation

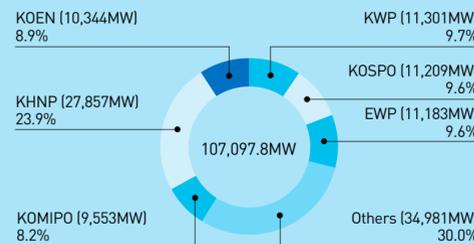
[As of Jan. 2018]

Load type	Site	Used fuels	Installed capacity	Remarks
Base load	Samcheonpo	Bituminous	3,240MW	9,188.6 (88.8%)
	Yeongheung	Bituminous	5,080MW	
	Yeosu	Bituminous	668.6MW	
	Yeongdong	Anthracites	200MW	
Peak load	Bundang	LNG	922.1MW	922.1(8.9%)
Renewable	Biomass [Yeongdong #1] Yeongheung wind power, small hydro power, etc.	-	233.8MW	233.7(2.3%)
Total			10,344MW	10,344(100%)

Market share of Korean Gencos

[Facility capacity: as of Jan. 2018 / Power generation: as of Dec. 2017]

Classification	KOEN	KHNP	KOMIPO	KWP	KOSPO	EWP	Others	Total
Installed capacity(MW)	10,344	27,857	9,553	11,301	11,209	11,183	34,981	116,428 MW
Share (%)	8.9	23.9	8.2	9.7	9.6	9.6	30.0	
Generated capacity(Gwh)	70,632	155,407	52,954	47,936	49,014	51,103	126,859	553,905 Gwh
Share (%)	12.8	28.1	9.6	8.7	8.8	9.2	22.8	



Overview of Power Plants

Clean power plant caring for environment and human

Samcheonpo Power Division



Samcheonpo Power Division is the first 500MW coal-fire power plant in large scale thermal power plant complex in southern Korea, with total capacity of 3,240 MW. In order to protect the environment and produce energy at low price, the plant not only focuses on developing environmental friendly combustion technology but it has also installed and operates the cutting edge environmental facilities for desulfurization and denitrification. Especially, it operates a refinery plant for recycling of bottom ash produced in the process of generating electricity. And it spares no efforts to develop renewable energy facilities including the first photovoltaic power facility set up in Korea. As these efforts have been recognized, Samcheonpo power station has received the Grand Prize in Environment Management Awards, showing its leading role in the nation for environment-friendly management system. Plus, by developing and operating a small hydro power plant(4,740kW), the first of its kind in the world using discharged cooling water, it also leads the government's policy for low carbon green growth through development of new green energy.

- Site area: 2,210,000㎡
- Construction completion: Unit 1: Aug 16, 1983
Unit 2: Feb 28, 1984 / Unit 3: Apr 30, 1993 / Unit 4: Mar 31, 1994 / Unit 5: Jul 1, 1997 / Unit 6: Jan 1, 1998
- Capacity: 3,240MW

World-class, high-tech, eco-friendly power plant

Yeongheung Power Division



Known for its 800MW-class coal-fired unit introduced for the first time in Korea, Yeongheung division plays a critical role for stably supplying electricity to metropolitan area where itself consumes 23% of national gross electricity produced. Yeongheung division is also well known for its highly efficient and advanced environmental facilities. Despite the strict environmental regulations, Yeongheung power station is being operated hardly creating any pollution. Meanwhile, by setting up photovoltaic power facility(8MW), marine hydro power facility(12.6MW), wind power facilities(46MW), Yeongheung is also growing into a hub for renewable energy business. As part of its effort to fulfill corporate social responsibility, Yeongheung division designed and built Energy Park, a cultural and information hall opened in 2007. At the Energy Park, through various activities students could learn about electric energy, also local residents could enjoy various cultural events including movie, musical performances, etc. It has not only become tourist attraction but it has certainly become the pride of local area.

- Site area: 5,958,153㎡
- Construction completion: Unit 1: July 12, 2004
Unit 2: November 30, 2004 / Unit 3: June 1, 2008 / Unit 4: December 1, 2008 / Unit 5: June 10, 2014 / Unit 6: November 5, 2014
- Capacity: 5,080MW

Park-like plant in the city

Bundang Power Division



Being located in a highly populated residential area, Bundang power station operates gas combined cycle units with using clean and safe fuel, LNG, to provide electricity and heat to metropolitan areas while it hardly produces any air pollutants. The division continues its effort to make comfortable and eco-friendly park of a power station by enhancing environmental facility and noise control, as well as keeping utmost safety in workplaces. Meanwhile, starting with 300kW fuel cells first installed in 2006, Bundang power station has been expanding fuel cell facilities by adding 3MW fuel cells in 2013, a 6MW plant in 2016, and a 6MW plant in 2018 as 2nd, 3rd, and 5th phase of the construction project, followed by a 17MW plant and an 8MW plant as 4th and 6th phase. In addition, it has also set up renewable energy facility such as 50 kW photovoltaic power facility. Based on its management policy, 'basic and principles, communication and consideration, value creation', Bundang division endeavors to create a promising society caring for people's well-being and happiness.

- Site area: 215,016㎡
- Construction completion: Phase 1: Sep 16, 1993 / Phase 2: Mar 31, 1997
- Capacity: 922MW

The Eco Power Plant for The Environment and The Local Community

Yeongdong Eco Power Division



Since the establishment of its 1st power plant unit in 1972 and the 2nd unit in 1979, Yeongdong Eco Power Division has more than 40 years of history and tradition. Yeongdong Eco Power leads the economic growth in Gangwon Area by mixing the local coal to its fuel. The 1st unit adopted wood pellet as its environmental friendly fuel for the first time in Korea, as a way to provide stable and eco-friendly power generation for the region with its continuing effort for improving environmental facilities. Yeongdong Eco Power Division is striving to operate the plant in clean and environment-friendly way. Also, Yeongdong Eco Power Division is making an effort to co-exist with the local community by taking social responsibility with sharing activities.

- Site area: 1,359,018㎡
- Construction completion: Unit 1: May 23, 1973 / June 30, 2017 (Completion of fuel conversion to wood pellets)
Unit 2: October 31, 1979
- Capacity: 325MW

Boosting Competitiveness of National Industrial Complex

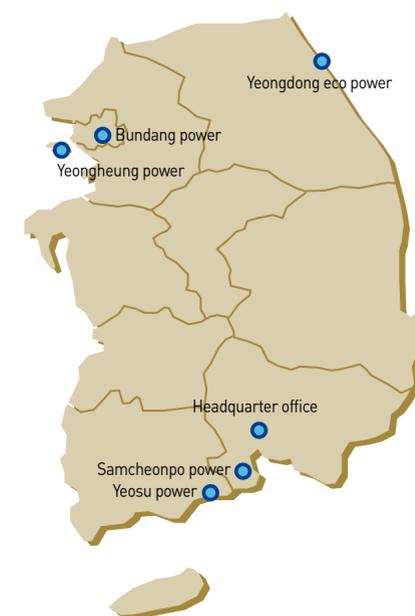
Yeosu Power Division



Initially constructed as oil-fueled power plant in 1997, Yeosu Power Division has converted its facilities to fluidized-bed power plant that consumes affordable and more diverse fuels, in order to respond to the changing environment of power generation and operate the facility more efficiently. The unit2[300MW] converted its oil-fueled facilities to fluidized-bed boilers[328.6M] in September 2011, and added Oil-fueled unit1[200MW] in August 2016, for the reliable power distribution in the surrounding area and Yeosu National Industrial Complex. Yeosu Power Division also leads green management as the safe and eco-friendly power station, by reducing greenhouse gases with eco-friendly mixed fuels and developing new & renewable energy. The effort was rewarded by Green Management Award by the prime minister in 2016, Leader of Recycling Companies Award by the president in 2013, as well as the Safety Management Awards in 2014 and KOSHA/OHSAS 18001 certificates.

- Site area: 309,173.5㎡
- Construction completion: Unit 1: August 31, 2016 / Unit 2: Sep 28, 2011
- Capacity: 668.6MW

Location of power stations



History



2001

Apr 2, 2001 Business commenced, inauguration of 1st President & CEO(Yoon, Hang-sun)
May 24, 2001 Announcement of company's principles and vision
Dec 12, 2001 Announcement of ethical rules, code of conducts



2002~2003

Dec 23, 2002 Received Certificate of Safety Health Management(KOSHA 18001)
Apr 10, 2003 Received credit rating of A3 from Moody's
Sep 3, 2003 Received Presidential Award in Kyunghyang Electricity & Energy Awards.



2004~2005

Apr 2, 2004 Inauguration of 2nd President & CEO(Park, Hee-gab)
Dec 23, 2004 Commercial operation of Yeongheung Units 1 & 2
Apr 1, 2005 Yeongheung division received Grand Prize in Industrial Safety Management Awards
Sep 29, 2005 Received Prime Minister Prize in National Productivity Awards



2006~2007

Feb 27, 2006 Signing on UN Global Compact
Apr 3, 2007 Inauguration of 3rd President & CEO(Gwak, Young-wook)
Oct 11, 2007 Received Presidential Award in National Innovation Competition
Nov 23, 2007 Won Presidential Award in National Quality Management Convention



2008~2009

Oct 29, 2008 Inauguration of 4th President & CEO(Jang, Do-soo)
Nov 26, 2008 Received Grand Prize in Social Contribution Awards
Jun 4, 2009 Commercial operation of Yeongheung Unit 3 & 4



2010~2011

Sep 7, 2010 Received Grand Prize in National Value Engineering Contest
Dec 23, 2010 Received Gold Tower Order of Industrial Service Merit, Grand Prize, Presidential Award in National Quality Management Awards
Jul 20, 2011 First operation of Yeongheung wind farm
Dec 16, 2011 Construction commencement for new headquarter building in Jinju



2012~2013

Feb 27, 2012 Construction completion of photovoltaic power complex(42 MW) in Bulgaria
Jun 13, 2012 Achieved "A" grade in management assessment 2011 by Korean government
Jun 18, 2013 Achieved "A" grade in management assessment 2012 by Korean government
Sep 23, 2013 Inauguration of 5th President & CEO(Heo, Yul)



2014~2015

Mar 27, 2014 Opening of new headquarter building in Jinju, Gyeongnam Innovative City
Jun 10, 2014 Commercial operation of Yeongheung Unit 5
Nov 5, 2014 Commercial operation of Yeongheung Unit 6
Apr 21, 2015 Selected as Outstanding Public Enterprise for Korean Government 3.0 Assessment



2016~2017

Jan 4, 2016 Declared vision & brand management
Sep 29, 2016 Tamra Offshore Wind Power Plant in Jeju initiated power generation
Nov 17, 2016 Inauguration of 6th President & CEO(Jang, Je-won)
Feb 15, 2017 KOEN (KOSEF) won KEMG (Korea Ethical Management Grandprx)
Dec 14, 2017 Received Grand Prize in Korea Education & Donation Awards



2018

Feb 13, 2018 Inauguration of 7th President & CEO(Lyu, Hyang-reol)
Apr 23, 2018 Selected as The best and innovative governmental organization